

# EXHIBIT 1

1 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
2 FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

3 THOMSON REUTERS ENTERPRISE  
4 CENTRE GMBH and WEST  
5 PUBLISHING CORPORATION,

6 Plaintiffs,

7 vs. C.A. NO. 20-613-LPS

8 ROSS INTELLIGENCE INC.,

9 Defendant.

10  
11 VIDEOTAPED VIDEOCONFERENCE DEPOSITION OF  
12 ISABELLE MOULINIER, 30(b)(6) REPRESENTATIVE FOR  
13 THOMSON REUTERS ENTERPRISE CENTRE GMBH  
14 HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL

15  
16  
17 DATE: July 1, 2022  
18 TIME: 9:07 a.m.  
19 PLACE: 150 South Fifth Street, Suite 1775  
20 Minneapolis, MN 55402

21 JOB NO.: SF 5264242

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23  
24  
25 REPORTED BY: Dawn Workman Bounds, CSR

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## 1 A P P E A R A N C E S

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16	Mr. Ramsey - 3 hours, 8 minutes	
	Mr. Simmons - 1 minute	
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1 P R O C E E D I N G S  
2

3 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Good morning. We are  
4 going on the record at 9:07 a.m. Central Daylight Time on  
5 July 1, 2022. This is Media Unit Number 1 of the  
6 video-recorded deposition of Isabelle Moulinier, taken by  
7 counsel for defendant in the matter of Thomson Reuters  
8 Enterprise, et al. versus Ross Intelligence Inc., filed  
9 in the United States District Court for the District of  
Delaware, Case Number 20-613-LPS.

10 This deposition is being taken in  
11 Minneapolis, Minnesota. My name is Brian Ciccone  
12 representing Veritext Legal Solutions, and I am the  
13 videographer. The court reporter is Dawn Bounds also  
14 from Veritext Legal Solutions.

15 Will the attorneys please note their  
16 appearances for the record.

17 MR. RAMSEY: This is Gabriel Ramsey joined  
18 by my colleague Kevin Cacabelos of Crowell & Moring. We  
19 represent the Defendant Ross Intelligence.

20 MR. SIMMONS: I am Joshua Simmons. With  
21 me is Roma Lopes. We're from Kirkland & Ellis, and we  
22 represent the Plaintiffs as well as the witness.

23 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Thank you.

24 Will the court reporter please swear in  
25 the witness.

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1 (Witness sworn.)

2 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: You may proceed.

3 ISABELLE MOULINIER,

4 having been first duly sworn, testified as follows:

5 EXAMINATION

6 BY MR. RAMSEY:

7 Q. Good morning, Ms. Moulinier. Did I say that  
8 right?

9 A. Moulinier, yes.

10 Q. Moulinier. Okay. Great.

11 In the ballpark.

12 Have you ever had your deposition taken  
13 before?

14 A. No.

15 Q. You never -- okay. So your counsel's probably  
16 given you the basics, and I'll kind of rep -- probably  
17 repeat some of the points.

18 I'll be asking you questions, would  
19 appreciate if you'd give me your best and most, you know,  
20 full and complete answer to the best of your ability.  
21 Can we agree on that?

22 A. We can.

23 Q. Okay. It's important -- obviously everything's  
24 being taken down in a written form here, so it's  
25 important that I not talk over you when you're finishing

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1 A. I actually do not know.

2 Q. Okay. All right.

3 A. It's either West or Thomson Reuters.

4 Q. Okay. Well, regardless, what is your current  
5 title and role? Could you describe that.

6 A. Yes. I am the VP of Applied Research for AI at  
7 Thomson Reuters.

8 Q. And how long have you been in that role?

9 A. 18 months.

10 Q. When did you first begin working for West or  
11 Thomson Reuters?

12 A. 1997.

13 Q. All right. What was your first role with the  
14 company?

15 A. I was a research scientist in the group that I  
16 now lead.

17 Q. Okay. And how long did you -- if you could  
18 just summarize starting in 1997, the basic course of your  
19 roles over time at West.

20 A. Okay. So from 1997 to 19 -- 2015, I was in a  
21 group that at the time was called research and  
22 development, and I continued a career from independent  
23 contributor to a manager or people manager in the applied  
24 research space.

25 In '15, I changed group to go to a product

1 innovation group where we focused on new potential  
2 products and new technologies. Then I left Thomson  
3 Reuters in '17, went to work for a bank, and came back to  
4 Thomson Reuters in 2020 -- December 2020.

5 Q. Got it. So kind of looking back in time, did  
6 you have involvement in the development of the Westlaw  
7 Next product?

8 A. Yes.

9 Q. All right. About when did development of that  
10 particular product begin to the best of your  
11 recollection?

12 A. I would say 2007, maybe a little bit earlier --

13 Q. Okay.

14 A. -- depending on what we consider the original  
15 idea.

16 Q. Okay. Do you happen to recall when that  
17 product was released approximately?

18 A. 2010 or 2011.

19 Q. Okay. I'll ask you the same question about the  
20 Westlaw Edge product. Are you familiar with that?

21 A. I am familiar with the product.

22 Q. Okay. I mean, did you have involvement in work  
23 on the Westlaw Edge product?

24 A. I did not directly. My group did.

25 Q. Okay. Do you have familiarity with the

1 for me what is the -- what is the -- or what are the  
2 content types that are returned in a WestSearch Plus  
3 search?

4 A. For WestSearch Plus, the only content is the  
5 headnotes.

6 Q. Okay. Does WestSearch Plus also suggest forms  
7 of questions?

8 A. There is a feature in Westlaw which suggests  
9 questions or different types of contents, and that  
10 feature is also used in order to serve as the questions  
11 that people can use for WestSearch Plus.

12 Q. Okay. Let's just look -- I just want to focus  
13 a while on the - moving away from WestSearch Plus, we'll  
14 come back to that - but the general Westlaw Edge search  
15 functionality.

16 If you could just describe for me the  
17 basic order of operations, at a high level, very high  
18 level, of how a search in Westlaw Edge is processed, I  
19 would appreciate it.

20 MR. SIMMONS: Objection, vague and  
21 ambiguous.

22 A. Are we -- yeah, can we narrow that down, the  
23 question?

24 BY MR. RAMSEY:

25 Q. Yeah. Let's just -- so let's just -- I'm going

1 written contract, I recall -- I mean I've done this -- I  
2 recall seeing at the top of the user interface a very  
3 short list of what I believe are headnotes, excerpts that  
4 are returned, as well as a question.

5 And then in the bottom part of the user  
6 interface, I see a list of cases, but it's case citations  
7 with snippets associated with them.

8 Does that sound -- are you familiar with  
9 the basic output of the Westlaw Edge search that I just  
10 described?

11 MR. SIMMONS: Objection, incomplete  
12 hypothetical.

13 A. It does sound familiar.

14 BY MR. RAMSEY:

15 Q. Okay. So when I type in my -- my question in  
16 Westlaw Edge, is it accurate that for the top part of the  
17 user interface results, that's generated using the  
18 WestSearch Plus functionality, and for the bottom part of  
19 the results in the user interface, that's the general  
20 Westlaw Edge search functionality?

21 A. Yes. Unless we are trying a new interface.

22 Q. Okay.

23 A. So if you see the question and answers below,  
24 that would be WestSearch Plus. The result list would be  
25 WestSearch.

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1 case in the pool, and they're transformed into numerical  
2 values, and those numerical values are combined in a  
3 formula to give a score.

4 Q. All right. I just -- I just want to be clear.

5 I asked some questions to Dr. Al-Kofahi a  
6 couple of months ago. I think he -- I think he testified  
7 that he did not believe learning-to-rank was used in the  
8 context of Westlaw Edge, but it sounds like you believe  
9 it is?

10 A. Learning-to-rank was used in the content of  
11 Westlaw Edge, yes.

12 Q. Okay. All right. I just wanted to clarify  
13 that.

14 Is there any particular learning-to-rank  
15 algorithm that is utilized in Westlaw Edge general search  
16 ranking?

17 A. We've relied on two families of algorithm. I  
18 am not sure which one is used for which anymore, because  
19 we use the ranking function that came out on a day-to-day  
20 basis, not the measuring any algorithm itself on a  
21 regular basis.

22 Q. I'm not sure I understood that.

23 So what do you mean by you -- you've used  
24 the ranking function that came out on a day-to-day basis,  
25 not the learning algorithm itself?

1           A. So in learning-to-rank, what you're doing is  
2       you're trying to learn a ranking func -- a scoring  
3       function or a ranking function based on data.

4                   When you're going to run a search against  
5       a search engine, it's done learning. It's just applying  
6       the function. That's what I mean.

7           Q. Okay. And so you said that there were two  
8       learning-to-rank algorithms that were used in general.  
9       Then --

10          A. Yes.

11          Q. -- describe those.

12          A. So --

13                   Sorry, I talked over.

14                   Originally we used an approach called SVM,  
15       support vector machine --

16          Q. Okay.

17          A. -- with a linear model. And we used something  
18       which is called pairwise learning-to-rank.

19          Q. Okay. So, again, just talking about Westlaw  
20       Edge general search functionality. So did the  
21       learning-to-rank algorithm change over time? Is that  
22       what you're saying, or...

23          A. It does not necessarily unless you retrain the  
24       scoring function.

25          Q. Did -- I mean, did that happen in the context

1       of Westlaw Edge general search functionality?

2           A. I don't recall.

3           Q. Okay. You just note generally that those are  
4       the two algorithms -- learning-to-rank algorithms that  
5       were used at some point in time?

6           A. That's the one that was one algorithm. The  
7       other one that we used was based on logistic regression  
8       in order to predict the rating that a document might have  
9       for a specific query. And the regression coefficients  
10      are what makes the scoring function based on feature  
11      values.

12          Q. Okay. I'm still not -- I thought you testified  
13       that there were two different learning-to-rank  
14       algorithms. If I misunderstood that, let me know. There  
15       was support vector machine learning-to-rank algorithm.

16           And did you say that the pairwise  
17       learning-to-rank algorithm was something separate or that  
18       it's the same thing?

19          A. No. The pairwise algorithm is a type of  
20       support vector, much like learning-to-rank.

21          Q. I see. Okay.

22          A. The other one was this linear regression  
23       or -- it's a generalized form of regression.

24          Q. That is a dif -- regression functions are  
25       different than the learning-to-rank algorithm though,

1 ambiguous.

2 A. We will need to have access to what I call the  
3 secondary database. For instance, we do use key numbers,  
4 and so we would need to know which headnotes have key  
5 numbers and we'll use a similar secondary storage.

6 BY MR. RAMSEY:

7 Q. I mean is -- and -- is the association of key  
8 numbers through a secondary search similar to what we  
9 discussed earlier with respect to Westlaw Edge search  
10 generally?

11 A. I can't recall. It could be part as -- of the  
12 index -- the new index that I mentioned as well.

13 Q. Okay. All right. Well, let's -- we were just  
14 about to get to scoring and ranking. So let's move to  
15 that topic.

16 We're talking about learning-to-rank.

17 Again, let's move back to Westlaw  
18 Search -- Westlaw Edge search generally.

19 What features are extracted from a list of  
20 candidate answers in order to serve as inputs in the  
21 ranking process?

22 MR. SIMMONS: Objection, vague and  
23 ambiguous.

24 A. Well, we have over 40 features, if I recall  
25 correctly. Some of the features have to do with key

1 numbers. Some of the features have to do with score or  
2 rank in the search results -- in the initial search  
3 results.

4 Some of the features have to do with the  
5 citation network. And some of the features have to do  
6 with some information about how often cases are viewed by  
7 customers.

8 Q. Okay. Are there any features that are just  
9 related to term frequency or more general features simply  
10 about the language itself?

11 MR. SIMMONS: Objection, compound.

12 A. They are implicit features that are relating to  
13 term frequency given that we use the information from the  
14 initial searches.

15 BY MR. RAMSEY:

16 Q. Okay. So I take it in the process of  
17 developing West's ranking model, there was a training  
18 process at some point?

19 MR. SIMMONS: Objection, foundation.

20 A. Yes.

21 BY MR. RAMSEY:

22 Q. Okay. And are you familiar with the training  
23 process regarding -- as it relates to the ranking  
24 algorithm used in Westlaw Edge search generally?

25 A. Yes.

1 Q. Now, looking back in time, is -- how frequently  
2 does training of the ranking algorithm occur?

3 A. Infrequently.

4 Q. When was, to the best of your recollection, the  
5 last time that the ranking algorithm was trained?

6 MR. SIMMONS: Objection, beyond the scope  
7 of the 30(b) (6) deposition notice.

8 You can answer if you know.

9 A. I'm aware of the last training that was done  
10 for the release of Next, which would have been in '10 or  
11 '11. I don't recall knowing about other training.

12 BY MR. RAMSEY:

13 Q. Okay. And is the same ranking algorithm used  
14 in Westlaw Edge to your understanding as was used in  
15 Westlaw Next?

16 A. That is my understanding.

17 Q. Okay. And it's not -- the ranking algorithm in  
18 the general Westlaw Edge search functionality has not  
19 been retrained since that -- the training that you  
20 mentioned changed in the time of Westlaw Next?

21 MR. SIMMONS: Objection, beyond the scope  
22 of the 30(b) (6) deposition notice.

23 You may answer if you know.

24 A. As I already answered, to the best of my  
25 knowledge, I am not aware of retraining.

1 BY MR. RAMSEY:

2 Q. Okay. And did -- I'm not sure you said what  
3 time frame that was.

4 You may have; and if I missed it, I'm  
5 sorry.

6 About what year do you think that  
7 happened, that training of the ranking algorithm?

8 A. At the launch of Westlaw Next, which would be  
9 in '10 or '11.

10 Q. Okay.

11 A. We might have retrained in '11. Bug fixes.

12 THE REPORTER: I'm sorry?

13 A. Bug fixes. But not a formal full retraining.

14 BY MR. RAMSEY:

15 Q. Okay. Just at a very high level, what is your  
16 understanding of how that training process was carried  
17 out?

18 A. In order to carry out the training process, the  
19 first step is to assemble training data. We had a team  
20 of product managers who work on Westlaw as well as  
21 contractors I believe identify legal topics based on  
22 feedback from customers or other areas where you can  
23 identify what a legal question might be.

24 They then created a list of documents -  
25 cases in our case - that needed to be identified or

1        returned as those are very responsive documents. Those  
2        are responsive documents, those are okay documents to  
3        show, and those are documents that we would -- don't want  
4        to show.

5                   So basically for each query or topic --  
6        and we add a general topic as well as a smaller version  
7        of the topic. We add a list of documents that add a  
8        grade. We also add a list of key numbers that add a  
9        grade so that we could identify that first element of  
10      finding good key numbers.

11                  Q. Okay. So is it fair to say the training  
12      process involved question and answer pairs?

13                  A. Question and document pairs.

14                  Q. Question and document pairs.

15                  In determining what was a very good or a  
16      good or a not relevant document response, was the  
17      entirety of the document considered or only particular  
18      portions?

19                  A. I don't have the answer to that question. That  
20      would be for our product managers or the people that --  
21      our subject matter experts. Let's call them subject  
22      matter experts.

23                  Q. Okay.

24                  A. My understanding is they could use any  
25      information they wanted for judging opinions that was

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1 contained in the opinion.

2 Q. Okay. In identifying documents that were very  
3 good or good or not good at all, do you know whether  
4 the -- maybe you don't know -- whether the reviewers of a  
5 potentially responsive document would, for example,  
6 identify particular portions of texts that informed their  
7 assessment of that document as an answer?

8 MR. SIMMONS: Objection, vague and  
9 ambiguous.

10 A. I don't know for sure. I would assume it was  
11 an internal process for them to judge relevance, and  
12 different subject matter experts might have different  
13 processes.

14 BY MR. RAMSEY:

15 Q. Okay. Do you know -- I mean, have you talked  
16 with anybody on your team or otherwise about how -- what  
17 material was used to determine whether a document was  
18 very good or good or not good at all as an answer?

19 A. I've talked to subject matter experts,  
20 and it's -- they're all lawyers, and so it's their legal  
21 experience and their legal experience in legal research  
22 that was the driver for assigning those grades, if you  
23 wish.

24 Q. Okay. So in the training process of the  
25 ranking algorithm for Westlaw Edge and Westlaw Next,

1 where did -- where did the questions come from?

2 A. So for Westlaw Edge, the questions came from  
3 our subject matter experts. They may have used questions  
4 that customers have shared with them or that other West  
5 employee at the time, I guess, who have direct contact  
6 with customers had shared with them.

7 Q. I believe I've seen indications that query logs  
8 in Westlaw were used as a source of questions. Does that  
9 sound right?

10 MR. SIMMONS: Objection, foundation.

11 A. So --

12 MR. SIMMONS: Beyond the scope of the  
13 30(b) (6) deposition notice.

14 You can answer if you know.

15 A. For Westlaw Edge, we had access to a list of  
16 queries that was assembled by a person in our product  
17 team.

18 For Westlaw Search Plus, we had access to  
19 a similar list of queries that were posed by customers.

20 BY MR. RAMSEY:

21 Q. Okay. In training the ranking algorithm in  
22 Westlaw Search, were headnotes used as questions or  
23 answers?

24 A. I don't recall headnotes being used as  
25 questions or answers for training Westlaw Next.

The reason is that Westlaw Next was focused on opinion, not on answers or headnotes.

Q. And just to be clear, headnotes were not -- in fact, headnotes were not used as questions or answers in training any ranking algorithm for Westlaw Edge as well; is that accurate?

MR. SIMMONS: Objection, mischarac --

BY MR. RAMSEY:

Q. It can be general search functionality?

MR. SIMMONS: Objection, mischaracterizes the witness's testimony.

You can answer.

A. Given that my understanding is that Westlaw Edge apart from WestSearch is Westlaw Next, then headnotes would not be used to train the -- as training data for the opinion search.

BY MR. RAMSEY:

Q. Okay. Shifting gears to WestSearch Plus.

Are headnotes -- in training the ranking algorithm for WestSearch Plus, were headnotes used as questions or as answers?

A. Yes, they are.

Q. So, first, are headnotes used as questions in training WestSearch Plus, or answers, or both?

MR. SIMMONS: Objection, compound; form.

1           A. Headnotes are not questions, so they are not  
2 used as questions. However, they're the answers that we  
3 want the system to provide, so they will be used as  
4 answers to questions for training the system.

5 BY MR. RAMSEY:

6           Q. And when was the last time that the ranking  
7 algorithm was trained for WestSearch Plus, to your  
8 recollection?

9           A. Last year.

10          Q. Okay. And is -- has the WestSearch Plus  
11 ranking algorithm been trained frequently or  
12 infrequently?

13           MR. SIMMONS: Objection, form; vague and  
14 ambiguous.

15          A. I know the feature was released in '18, and we  
16 have a new version of the feature either this year for  
17 release or trains at the end of last year. That would be  
18 a frequency of three years.

19 BY MR. RAMSEY:

20          Q. Okay. Has the rank -- the training process for  
21 WestSearch Plus, has it changed at all over time or has  
22 it remained the same?

23          A. What do you mean?

24          Q. Different sources of questions and answers, for  
25 example?

1 BY MR. RAMSEY:

2 Q. All right. So just a quick question about --  
3 about Exhibit 75 [sic]. Exhibit 75 you've been handed is  
4 a master's thesis from the University of Amsterdam  
5 entitled Explaining Relationships Between Entities.

6 Do you see that?

7 A. I do see the title.

8 Q. Okay. So you'll note that the date on the  
9 front is November 2014.

10 Do you see that?

11 A. Noted.

12 Q. We don't have to go into the details. It's  
13 just like a general question.

14 I think you testified earlier that the  
15 training process of Westlaw search generally happened  
16 prob -- it happened in 2010, I think you said, or '11.

17 A. The last one.

18 Q. Yeah. And you would agree that that -- that  
19 training date is before the date of this November 2014  
20 thesis?

21 A. Yes.

22 Q. All right. Do you have any -- or have you ever  
23 seen this master's thesis before?

24 A. I have not.

25 Q. Okay. Do you have any reason to believe that

1 Q. Okay. So you think it was at some point  
2 between 2007 and 2010 that West settled on the precise  
3 learning-to-rank algorithm --

4 A. Yes.

5 Q. -- that is in production now?

6 A. Yes.

7 Q. Okay. But you weren't involved in that  
8 selection process, or were you?

9 A. I was.

10 Q. And what do you recall about it, the selection  
11 process of the precise learning-to-rank algorithm that is  
12 used by West?

13 A. Can you rephrase your question?

14 Q. I'm just -- I'm trying to get your recollection  
15 of any details that you remember about the work to choose  
16 a particular -- the actual particular learning-to-rank  
17 algorithm that is in use?

18 A. So at the time there were only a few options,  
19 to the best of my knowledge, especially if we wanted to  
20 experiment in a rapid fashion and not have to reimplement  
21 every aspect of the pipeline.

22 As a result, we identified SVM-Light as a  
23 library that we could use and we started using SVM-Light  
24 as our way of training Westlaw Edge search.

25 Q. Okay. And just for the record, SVM-Light, how

1                   And so if we look for burden of proof as  
2 part of our query, we will find that catch line as well  
3 as the text of the headnotes.

4                 Q. I see. So when you -- when we're talking about  
5 key numbers and searching the text of key numbers, it's  
6 not just the number itself; it's the short descriptive  
7 text --

8                 A. Correct.

9                 Q. -- that may be associated with it?

10                 Thank you. That makes more sense.

11                 Are key numbers used in the training of  
12 the ranking algorithms?

13                 MR. SIMMONS: Objection, vague and  
14 ambiguous.

15                 A. Page 12, the document states that, "In  
16 particular" -- at the bottom of the last paragraph: "In  
17 particular, both question and answer candidate are run  
18 through a key number classifier and the feature scoring  
19 functions compare similarity between those outputs."

20                 So based on what's in the document, key  
21 numbers will be used as part of the scoring function.

22 BY MR. RAMSEY:

23                 Q. Okay. Do you know how -- so is it fair to say  
24 key numbers are a form of feature that is --

25                 MR. SIMMONS: Objection --

1 BY MR. RAMSEY:

2 Q. -- utilized in the ranking process?

3 MR. SIMMONS: Objection, vague and  
4 ambiguous.

5 A. The document stated that the feature scoring  
6 function compare the similarity between the key numbers.  
7 So key numbers are part of the features or the similarity  
8 between the key numbers is the actual feature.

9 BY MR. RAMSEY:

10 Q. Do you have any knowledge about how key numbers  
11 as a feature are weighted compared to other features?

12 A. No. That would be learned through the learning  
13 process.

14 Q. But you don't know, for example, after the  
15 training process has occurred, how heavily weighted key  
16 numbers are versus other features?

17 A. I don't recall.

18 Q. Okay. Just in broad strokes, do you remember  
19 among -- you said there was 40-some features that you  
20 believe are used in the ranking process and in the  
21 training process.

22 Are there any particularly important  
23 features that you've discussed with your colleagues?

24 MR. SIMMONS: Objection, vague and  
25 ambiguous.

1           A. So the 40-plus feature I mentioned are relating  
2 to Westlaw Edge main search, not Westlaw Edge Search  
3 Plus. In our discussion, at the time of the creation  
4 algorithm, it was our common understanding that key  
5 numbers were one of the more impactful features. Key  
6 number and search the text of the document.

7 BY MR. RAMSEY:

8           Q. Okay. And is it your view that key numbers as  
9 a feature are one of the most impactful features both in  
10 the context of Westlaw Edge Search functionality  
11 generally and in the context of WestSearch Plus?

12          A. I have not discussed the impact or importance  
13 of key numbers in WestSearch Plus with my colleagues.

14          Q. Okay. Putting aside key numbers, are there --  
15 in the context of WestSearch Plus, are there -- have you  
16 discussed what are particularly important features?

17           MR. SIMMONS: Objection, vague and  
18 ambiguous.

19          A. I have not discussed important features in  
20 detail given that I was not at the company at the time of  
21 the release of the feature, and I've not looked at the  
22 latest -- I have not discussed the latest results either.

23 BY MR. RAMSEY:

24          Q. Okay. Have you ever participated in -- in any  
25 conferences or academic context like that where headnote

1 REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE  
2 STATE OF MINNESOTA )  
3 COUNTY OF HENNEPIN )  
4

I hereby certify that I reported the deposition  
of ISABELLE MOULINIER, 30(b)(6) REPRESENTATIVE FOR  
THOMSON REUTERS ENTERPRISE CENTRE GMBH, on the 1st day  
of July, 2022, in Minneapolis, Minnesota, and that the  
witness was by me first duly sworn to tell the whole  
truth;

That the testimony was transcribed by me and is  
a true record of the testimony of the witness;

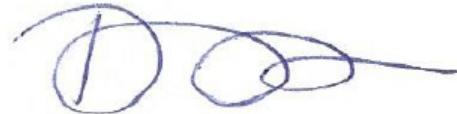
That the cost of the original has been charged  
to the party who noticed the deposition, and that all  
parties who ordered copies have been charged at the same  
rate for such copies;

That I am not a relative or employee or  
attorney or counsel of any of the parties, or a relative  
or employee of such attorney or counsel;

That I am not financially interested in the  
action and have no contract with the parties, attorneys,  
or persons with an interest in the action that affects or  
has a substantial tendency to affect my impartiality;

That the right to read and sign the deposition  
by the witness was not waived.

WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL THIS 20th day of July,  
2022.



Dawn Workman Bounds, CSR 6129  
Notary Public, Hennepin County, Minnesota  
My commission expires January 31, 2024

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE**

THOMSON REUTERS ENTERPRISE CENTRE  
GMBH and WEST PUBLISHING  
CORPORATION,

C.A. No. 20-613-SB

Plaintiffs, Counterdefendants,

v.

ROSS INTELLIGENCE INC.,

Defendant, Counterclaimant.

**PLAINTIFFS THOMSON REUTERS ENTERPRISE CENTER GMBH  
AND WEST PUBLISHING CORPORATION'S NOTICE OF ERRATA  
FOR THE DEPOSITION OF ISABELLE MOULINIER**

I, the undersigned, do hereby declare that I read the deposition transcript of Isabelle Moulinier dated July 1, 2022 and that to the best of my knowledge, said testimony is true and accurate, with the exception of the following changes listed below:

<b>Page</b>	<b>Line</b>	<b>Original Text</b>	<b>Replacement Text</b>	<b>Reason</b>
8	10	other hand per the e-mail address.	other hand per the e-mail we sent.	Transcription error
15	9	different types of contents.	different types of content.	Transcription error
16	11	for the full text of the opinion	and the full text of the opinion	Transcription error
18	2	different types of questions that might enter.	different types of questions that might be entered.	Transcription error
19	4-5	WIN is natural -- WIN queries. West Is Natural type of...	WIN, Westlaw is natural, queries.	Transcription error
22	14	first-year search results	first layer search results	Transcription error
22	18-19	a feature called WIN Is Natural,	a feature called WIN, Westlaw Is Natural,	Transcription error

<b>Page</b>	<b>Line</b>	<b>Original Text</b>	<b>Replacement Text</b>	<b>Reason</b>
24	13-14	as well as our results that we get	as well as other results that we get	Transcription error
25	4	which is not related to WestSearch	which is not related to WestSearch Plus	Misspoke/clarification
28	13	and why my team	and while my team	Transcription error
35	3	In general term, yes	In general terms, yes	Transcription error
36	1	popular name	popular names	Transcription error
36	18	it's not our type that we want	it's not the type that we want	Transcription error
39	4	as a set of roles	as a set of rules	Transcription error
39	18	a case title, AVB	a case title, A v. B	Transcription error
39	19-20	AVBC, and AVBC is not a	A v. B C, and A v. B C is not a	Transcription error
39	22	AVB, but also	A v. B, but also	Transcription error
41	12	The way we define	The way we defined	Transcription error
42	3	in Thomson Reuters when	at Thomson Reuters when	Transcription error
47	13	the computer program, in a sense;	the computer programming sense;	Transcription error
49	13-14	headnotes, which on the display appear at the top of the page are	headnotes, which on the display appear at the top of the page, are	Transcription error
52	6	this result in addition to	these results in addition to	Transcription error
53	5-6	There may be one too many key number per headnote.	There may be one to many key numbers per headnote.	Transcription error
55	6	We have a site store	We have a side store	Transcription error
55	7	with headnote as the key numbers	with headnotes and the key numbers	Transcription error
58	2	of candidate	of candidates	Transcription error
58	13	find by citation.	found by citation.	Transcription error
58	20	other candidate	other candidates	Transcription error
59	19	and application truncates	and the application truncates	Transcription error
60	20	a fixed formula like WIN-add for	a fixed formula like WIN had for	Transcription error
60	23	that we judge top key numbers	that we judge to be the top key numbers	Transcription error/misspoke
61	17	algorithm	algorithms	Transcription error
61	20	not the measuring algorithm	not the learning algorithm	Transcription error

<b>Page</b>	<b>Line</b>	<b>Original Text</b>	<b>Replacement Text</b>	<b>Reason</b>
63	6	That's the one that was one algorithm	That's the one – that was one algorithm	Transcription error
69	13-14	combination of entity	combination of entities	Transcription error
71	12	that are relating to	that relate to	Transcription error
73	19-21	We had a team of product managers who work on Westlaw as well as contractors I believe identify legal topic	We had a team of product managers who work on Westlaw, as well as contractors, I believe, identify legal topic	Punctuation
74	1	returned as those are very responsive documents. Those	returned as: those are very responsive documents; those	Punctuation
74	6-9	and we add a general topic as well as a smaller version of the topic. We add a list of documents that add grade. We also add a list of key numbers that add grade	and we had a general topic as well as a smaller version of the topic. We had a list of documents that had grades. We also had a list of key numbers that had grades	Transcription error
76	6	with customers had	with customers, had	Transcription error
77	2	focused on opinion	focused on opinions	Transcription error
77	14	Edge apart from WestSearch is Westlaw Next	Edge apart from WestSearch Plus is Westlaw Next	Misspoke/clarification
78	16-17	have a new version of the feature either this year for release or trains at the end of last year	have a new version of the feature trained either this year for release or at the end of last year	Misspoke/clarification
79	14	assembled by SME;	assembled by SMEs;	Transcription error
81	12	add features based	had features based	Transcription error
82	12	example's	examples	Transcription error
83	1	SVM's	SVMs and	Transcription error/clarification
83	4	and feature value	and feature values	Transcription error
83	15	I add a document	I had a document	Transcription error
84	6	values with the weights	values with weights	Transcription error
84	20	machinery	machine learning	Transcription error
91	6	people name	names of people	Clarification

<b>Page</b>	<b>Line</b>	<b>Original Text</b>	<b>Replacement Text</b>	<b>Reason</b>
93	17-18	by the algorithm by the solution builder or the scientist	by the algorithm, by the solution builder, or the scientist	Punctuation
93	22	have the property of being able to end all categorical	have the property of being able to handle categorical	Transcription error
94	16	on a document or a documents-only	and documents	Transcription error
97	1	at least headnote data	at least on headnote data	Transcription error
98	18	vectoral	vectorial	Transcription error
99	24	machining	maching learning	Transcription error
105	1	acquiring and refine the data and that data is fit	acquiring and refining the data to be fit	Transcription error/misspoke
106	13-14	not 10 thousands	not tens of thousands	Transcription error
108	24	10 thousand	tens of thousands	Transcription error
116	19	Only of name	Only by name	Transcription error
116	20	IBM Community Services	IBM API Services	Misspoke/clarification
119	5-7	identifying phrases and synonyms potentially or related term and run against the indices	identifying phrases, and synonyms potentially, or related terms, and running them against the indices	Transcription error
119	22	documents that's	document that is	Transcription error
120	2	more likely	more like this	Transcription error
120	21	more likely search	more like this search	Transcription error
123	14	expended list	expanded list	Transcription error
125	24-25	text presumption and burden of proof	text "presumption and burden of proof "	Transcription error
127	6	function compare	function compares	Transcription error
130	14	organize	organizes	Transcription error
130	18	first tool that people can go to a manual search engine	first tool that people can go to, a manual search engine,	Punctuation
132	2	the tech nodes	the top nodes	Transcription error
136	8	product trace	product release	Transcription error
138	21	viables	variables	Transcription error

Dated: August 19, 2022



Isabelle Moulinier